

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## G PHYSICS (NOTES omitted)

### INSTRUMENTS

## G01 MEASURING; TESTING (NOTES omitted)

## G01T MEASUREMENT OF NUCLEAR OR X-RADIATION (radiation analysis of materials, mass spectrometry [G01N 23/00](#); tubes for determining the presence, intensity, density or energy of radiation or particles [H01J 47/00](#))

### NOTES

1. This subclass covers the measurement of X-radiation, gamma radiation, corpuscular radiation, cosmic radiation or neutron radiation.
2. Attention is drawn to the Notes following the title of class [G01](#).

### WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

<b>1/00</b>	<b>Measuring X-radiation, gamma radiation, corpuscular radiation, or cosmic radiation (<a href="#">G01T 3/00</a>, <a href="#">G01T 5/00</a> take precedence)</b>	1/161	. . Applications in the field of nuclear medicine, e.g. <u>in vivo</u> counting ( <a href="#">apparatus for radiation diagnosis A61B 6/00</a> )
1/003	. {Scintillation (flow) cells}	1/1611	. . . {using both transmission and emission sources sequentially (SPECT imaging <a href="#">G01T 1/1642</a> ; PET imaging <a href="#">G01T 1/2985</a> ; detecting prohibited goods, e.g. weapons, explosives, hazardous substances, contraband or smuggled objects <a href="#">G01V 5/20</a> )}
1/006	. {Total absorption calorimeters; Shower detectors}	1/1612	. . . . {with scintillation detectors ( <a href="#">G01T 1/20</a> takes precedence)}
1/02	. Dosimeters ( <a href="#">G01T 1/15</a> takes precedence)	1/1614	. . . . {with semiconductor detectors ( <a href="#">G01T 1/24</a> takes precedence)}
1/023	. . {Scintillation dose-rate meters}	1/1615	. . . {using both transmission and emission sources simultaneously (SPECT imaging <a href="#">G01T 1/1642</a> ; PET imaging <a href="#">G01T 1/2985</a> ; detecting prohibited goods, e.g. weapons, explosives, hazardous substances, contraband or smuggled objects <a href="#">G01V 5/20</a> )}
1/026	. . {Semiconductor dose-rate meters}	1/1617	. . . . {with scintillation detectors ( <a href="#">G01T 1/20</a> takes precedence)}
1/04	. . Chemical dosimeters ( <a href="#">G01T 1/06</a> , <a href="#">G01T 1/08</a> take precedence)	1/1618	. . . . {with semiconductor detectors ( <a href="#">G01T 1/24</a> takes precedence)}
1/06	. . Glass dosimeters {using colour change; including plastic dosimeters}	1/163	. . . Whole body counters {(hand or feet contamination measurement <a href="#">G01T 1/167</a> ; lung, brain, thyroid, kidney or the like counting <a href="#">G01T 1/16</a> )}
1/08	. . Photographic dosimeters {(photometry <a href="#">G01J 1/52</a> )}	1/1635	. . . . {involving relative movement between detector and subject; scanning beds (profile scanning <a href="#">G01T 1/166</a> ; positioning patients, tiltable tables for radiation diagnosis <a href="#">A61B 6/04</a> )}
1/10	. . Luminescent dosimeters	1/164	. . . Scintigraphy
1/105	. . . Read-out devices ( <a href="#">G01T 1/115</a> takes precedence)	1/1641	. . . . {Static instruments for imaging the distribution of radioactivity in one or two dimensions using one or several scintillating elements; Radio-isotope cameras}
1/11	. . . Thermo-luminescent dosimeters {(thermo-luminescent compositions <a href="#">C09K 11/00</a> )}		
1/115	. . . . Read-out devices		
1/12	. . Calorimetric dosimeters		
1/14	. . Electrostatic dosimeters (construction of ionisation chambers <a href="#">H01J 47/02</a> {}; electrometers <a href="#">G01R 5/28</a> )}		
1/142	. . . Charging devices; Read-out devices		
1/15	. Instruments in which pulses generated by a radiation detector are integrated, e.g. by a diode pump circuit		
1/16	. Measuring radiation intensity ( <a href="#">G01T 1/29</a> takes precedence {}; self-powered detectors <a href="#">G01T 3/006</a> ; using an ionisation chamber filled with a liquid or solid, e.g. frozen liquid, dielectric <a href="#">G01T 3/008</a> )}		
1/1603	. . {with a combination of at least two different types of detector (see provisionally also <a href="#">G01T 1/16</a> )}		
1/1606	. . {with other specified detectors not provided for in the other sub-groups of <a href="#">G01T 1/16</a> (see provisionally also <a href="#">G01T 1/16</a> )}		

- 1/1642 . . . . . {using a scintillation crystal and position sensing photodetector arrays, e.g. ANGER cameras}
- 1/1644 . . . . . {using an array of optically separate scintillation elements permitting direct location of scintillations ([G01T 1/1645 takes precedence](#))}
- 1/1645 . . . . . {using electron optical imaging means, e.g. image intensifier tubes, coordinate photomultiplier tubes, image converter}
- 1/1647 . . . . . {Processing of scintigraphic data ([not related to a particular imaging system G01T 1/2992](#))}
- 1/1648 . . . . . {Ancillary equipment for scintillation cameras, e.g. reference markers, devices for removing motion artifacts, calibration devices ([adapted for flow studies G01T 1/1647](#))}
- 1/166 . . . . . involving relative movement between detector and subject ([scanners in general without using scintigraphy G01T 1/2964](#))}
- 1/1663 . . . . . {Processing methods of scan data, e.g. involving contrast enhancement, background reduction, smoothing, motion correction, dual radio-isotope scanning, computer processing ([for measuring spatial distribution of radiation G01T 1/2992](#); general purpose image data processing [G06T 1/00](#); computerized tomography [G06T 11/003](#)); Ancillary equipment ([colour printers G01T 1/1666](#))}
- 1/1666 . . . . . {adapted for printing different symbols or colours according to the intensity or energy level of the detected radioactivity ([depth discrimination in colour G01T 1/2985](#))}
- 1/167 . . . . . Measuring radioactive content of objects, e.g. contamination ([whole body counters G01T 1/163](#))
- 1/169 . . . . . Exploration, location of contaminated surface areas
- 1/17 . . . . . Circuit arrangements not adapted to a particular type of detector ([pulse-selection circuits H03K, G01R](#))}
- 1/171 . . . . . {Compensation of dead-time counting losses ([see provisionally also G01T 1/17](#))}
- 1/172 . . . . . with coincidence circuit arrangements ([G01T 1/178 takes precedence](#) ; combination of detectors, [see G01T 1/1603, G01T 1/30, G01T 1/361](#))}
- 1/175 . . . . . Power supply circuits
- 1/178 . . . . . for measuring specific activity in the presence of other radioactive substances, e.g. natural, in the air or in liquids such as rain water
- 1/18 . . . . . with counting-tube arrangements, e.g. with Geiger counters ([tubes H01J 47/08](#); [with alarm provision G01T 7/125](#))}
- 1/185 . . . . . with ionisation chamber arrangements
- 1/20 . . . . . with scintillation detectors
- 1/2002 . . . . . {Optical details, e.g. reflecting or diffusing layers}
- 1/2004 . . . . . {Scintillosopes ([fluoroscopes G21K 4/00](#); radiation diagnosis [A61B 6/00](#))}
- 1/2006 . . . . . {using a combination of a scintillator and photodetector which measures the means radiation intensity}
- 1/2008 . . . . . {using a combination of different types of scintillation detectors, e.g. phoswich}
- 1/201 . . . . . {using scintillating fibres}
- 1/2012 . . . . . {using stimuable phosphors, e.g. stimuable phosphor sheets}
- 1/2014 . . . . . {Reading out of stimuable sheets, e.g. latent image}
- 1/2016 . . . . . {Erasing of stimuable sheets, e.g. with light, heat or the like}
- 1/2018 . . . . . {Scintillation-photodiode combinations}
- 1/20181 . . . . . {Stacked detectors, e.g. for measuring energy and positional information ([using a combination of different types of scintillation detectors, e.g. phoswich detectors, G01T 1/2008](#))}
- 1/20182 . . . . . {Modular detectors, e.g. tiled scintillators or tiled photodiodes ([stacked detectors G01T 1/20181](#))}
- 1/20183 . . . . . {Arrangements for preventing or correcting crosstalk, e.g. optical or electrical arrangements for correcting crosstalk}
- 1/20184 . . . . . {Detector read-out circuitry, e.g. for clearing of traps, compensating for traps or compensating for direct hits}
- 1/20185 . . . . . {Coupling means between the photodiode and the scintillator, e.g. optical couplings using adhesives with wavelength-shifting fibres}
- 1/20186 . . . . . {Position of the photodiode with respect to the incoming radiation, e.g. in the front of, below or sideways the scintillator}
- 1/20187 . . . . . {Position of the scintillator with respect to the photodiode, e.g. photodiode surrounding the crystal, the crystal surrounding the photodiode, shape or size of the scintillator}
- 1/20188 . . . . . {Auxiliary details, e.g. casings or cooling}
- 1/20189 . . . . . {Damping or insulation against damage, e.g. caused by heat or pressure}
- 1/2019 . . . . . {Shielding against direct hits}
- 1/202 . . . . . the detector being a crystal
- 1/2023 . . . . . {Selection of materials ([see provisionally also G01T 1/202](#))}
- 1/2026 . . . . . {Well-type detectors ([see provisionally also G01T 1/202](#))}
- 1/203 . . . . . the detector being made of plastics
- 1/2033 . . . . . {Selection of materials ([see provisionally also G01T 1/203](#))}
- 1/2036 . . . . . {Well-type detectors ([see provisionally also G01T 1/203](#))}
- 1/204 . . . . . the detector being a liquid
- 1/2042 . . . . . {Composition for liquid scintillation systems}
- 1/2045 . . . . . {Liquid scintillation quench systems}
- 1/2047 . . . . . {Sample preparation}
- 1/205 . . . . . the detector being a gas
- 1/208 . . . . . Circuits specially adapted for scintillation detectors, e.g. for the photo-multiplier section
- 1/22 . . . . . with Cerenkov detectors
- 1/24 . . . . . with semiconductor detectors
- 1/241 . . . . . {Electrode arrangements, e.g. continuous or parallel strips or the like ([constructional or manufacturing details H01L 31/00](#))}

- 1/242 . . . {Stacked detectors, e.g. for depth information (constructional or manufacturing details [H01L 25/00](#))}
- 1/243 . . . {Modular detectors, e.g. arrays formed from self contained units (constructional or manufacturing details [H01L 25/00](#))}
- 1/244 . . . {Auxiliary details, e.g. casings, cooling, damping or insulation against damage by, e.g. heat, pressure or the like}
- 1/245 . . . {using memory cells}
- 1/246 . . . {utilizing latent read-out, e.g. charge stored and read-out later}
- 1/247 . . . {Detector read-out circuitry (for processing gain or off-set correction [H04N](#))}
- 1/248 . . . {Silicon photomultipliers [SiPM], e.g. an avalanche photodiode [APD] array on a common Si substrate}
- 1/249 . . . {specially adapted for use in SPECT or PET (SPECT imaging [G01T 1/1642](#); PET imaging [G01T 1/2985](#); detecting prohibited goods, e.g. weapons, explosives, hazardous substances, contraband or smuggled objects [G01V 5/20](#))}
- 1/26 . . with resistance detectors {(photoresistors [H01L 31/00](#))}
- 1/28 . . with secondary-emission detectors
- 1/29 . Measurement performed on radiation beams, e.g. position or section of the beam; Measurement of spatial distribution of radiation
- 1/2907 . . {Angle determination; Directional detectors; Telescopes (prospecting by the use of nuclear radiation, e.g. of natural or induced radioactivity [G01V 5/00](#))}
- 1/2914 . . {Measurement of spatial distribution of radiation}
- 1/2921 . . . {Static instruments for imaging the distribution of radioactivity in one or two dimensions; Radio-isotope cameras (using scintigraphy [G01T 1/1641](#))}
- 1/2928 . . . . {using solid state detectors}
- 1/2935 . . . . {using ionisation detectors}
- 1/2942 . . . . {using autoradiographic methods}
- 1/295 . . . . {using coded aperture devices, e.g. Fresnel zone plates (handling of radiation of particles, e.g. using diaphragms, collimators, diffraction [G21K 1/00](#))}
- 1/2957 . . . . {using channel multiplier arrays (channel multipliers [H01J 43/18](#); [G01T 1/1645](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/2964 . . . {Scanners (using scintigraphy [G01T 1/166](#))}
- 1/2971 . . . . {using solid state detectors}
- 1/2978 . . . {Hybrid imaging systems, e.g. using a position sensitive detector (camera) to determine the distribution in one direction and using mechanical movement of the detector or the subject in the other direction or using a camera to determine the distribution in two dimensions and using movement of the camera or the subject to increase the field of view ([G01T 1/2985](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/2985 . . . {In depth localisation, e.g. using positron emitters; Tomographic imaging (longitudinal and transverse section imaging; apparatus for radiation diagnosis sequentially in different planes, stereoscopic radiation diagnosis); (using external radiation sources [A61B 6/02](#))}
- 1/2992 . . . {Radioisotope data or image processing not related to a particular imaging system; Off-line processing of pictures, e.g. rescanners (for measuring radiation intensity [G01T 1/1663](#); digital computing or data processing equipment or methods specially adapted for nuclear physics or nuclear engineering [G06F 15/00](#); general purpose image data processing [G06T 1/00](#); computerized tomography [G06T 11/003](#))}
- 1/30 . Measuring half-life of a radioactive substance {(period meters for nuclear fission reactors [G21C 17/14](#))}
- 1/32 . Measuring polarisation of particles
- 1/34 . Measuring cross-section, e.g. absorption cross-section of particles
- 1/36 . Measuring spectral distribution of X-rays or of nuclear radiation {spectrometry (pulse selection circuits *per se* [H03K](#); investigation of materials by radiation diffraction [G01N 23/20](#); spectrometer tubes [H01J 49/00](#))}
- 1/361 . . {with a combination of detectors of different types, e.g. anti-Compton spectrometers (intensity measurement with a combination of detectors [G01T 1/1603](#); with coincidence circuit [G01T 1/172](#); *se* provisionally also [G01T 1/36](#))}
- NOTE**
- [G01T 1/361](#) takes precedence over [G01T 1/362](#)
- 1/362 . . {with scintillation detectors (*see* provisionally also [G01T 1/36](#), [G01T 1/20](#))}
- 1/363 . . {with Cerenkov detectors}
- 1/365 . . {with ionisation detectors, e.g. proportional counter (*see* provisionally also [G01T 1/36](#))}
- 1/366 . . {with semi-conductor detectors (*see* provisionally also [G01T 1/36](#))}
- 1/367 . . {with resistance detectors (*see* provisionally also [G01T 1/36](#))}
- 1/368 . . {with secondary-emission detectors (*see* provisionally [G01T 1/36](#))}
- 1/38 . . Particle discrimination and measurement of relative mass, e.g. by measurement of loss of energy with distance (dE/dx) {(constructional details of semiconductor detectors therefor [H01L 31/00](#))}
- 1/40 . . Stabilisation of spectrometers
- 3/00 Measuring neutron radiation ([G01T 5/00](#) takes precedence)**
- 3/001 . {Spectrometry}
- 3/003 . . {Recoil spectrometers (light-nuclei recoil ionisation tubes *per se* [H01J 47/1277](#))}
- 3/005 . . {Time-of-flight spectrometers (*see* provisionally also [G01T 3/00](#))}
- 3/006 . {using self-powered detectors (for neutrons as well as for Y- or X-rays), e.g. using Compton-effect (Compton diodes) or photo-emission or a (n,B) nuclear reaction (photovoltaic semiconductors [H01L 31/00](#); photo-tubes [H01J 40/00](#); thermionic generators [H01J 45/00](#); radioisotopic generators [G21H 1/00](#), e.g. [G21H 1/02](#), [G21H 1/04](#))}
- 3/008 . {using an ionisation chamber filled with a gas, liquid or solid, e.g. frozen liquid, dielectric ([G01T 3/006](#) takes precedence)}

- 3/02 . by shielding other radiation
- 3/04 . using calorimetric devices
- 3/06 . with scintillation detectors
- 3/065 . . {Spectrometry}
- 3/08 . with semiconductor detectors
- 3/085 . . {Spectrometry}
- 5/00 Recording of movements or tracks of particles**  
(spark chambers [H01J 47/00](#)); **Processing or analysis of such tracks**
- 5/002 . {using a combination of several movement of track recording devices (detectors associated with recording chambers and only serving to trigger these chambers, [see](#) the appropriate groups of the chamber, e.g. [G01T 5/04](#) - [G01T 5/08](#); [see](#) provisionally also [G01T 5/00](#) and other sub-groups)}
- 5/004 . {Non-electrical readout of multi-wire or parallel-plate chambers (non-electrical readout in such chambers [per se](#) [H01J 47/22](#))}
- 5/006 . . {by optical methods}
- 5/008 . . {by acoustical methods}
- 5/02 . Processing of tracks; Analysis of tracks
- 5/04 . Cloud chambers, e.g. Wilson chamber
- 5/06 . Bubble chambers
- 5/08 . Scintillation chambers ([discharge tubes](#) [H01J 40/00](#), [H01J 47/00](#); [semiconductor devices](#) [H01L](#))
- 5/10 . Plates or blocks in which tracks of nuclear particles are made visible by after-treatment, e.g. using photographic emulsion, using mica
- 5/12 . Circuit arrangements with multi-wire or parallel-plate chambers, e.g. spark chambers ([tubes](#) [per se](#) [H01J 47/00](#))
- 5/122 . . {for readout of each individual wires; (readout in such chambers [per se](#) [H01J 47/16](#)); for processing the output signals}
- 5/125 . . . {by using delay lines}
- 5/127 . . . . {by using magnetostrictive delay lines}
- 7/00 Details of radiation-measuring instruments**
- 7/005 . {calibration techniques (stabilization of spectrometer [G01T 1/40](#))}
- 7/02 . Collecting means for receiving or storing samples to be investigated {and possibly directly transporting the samples to the measuring arrangement; particularly for investigating radioactive fluids (sampling, preparing specimens for investigation in general [G01N 1/00](#), [G01N 1/02](#); shielded cells or rooms structurally combined with manipulation devices [G21F](#); measuring of chromatographically separated samples [G01N 30/00](#) - [G01N 30/96](#))}
- 7/04 . . by filtration
- 7/06 . . by electrostatic precipitation ([G01T 7/04](#) takes precedence)
- 7/08 . Means for conveying samples received
- 7/10 . . using turntables
- 7/12 . Provision for actuation of an alarm
- 7/125 . . {Alarm- or controlling circuits using ionisation chambers, proportional counters or Geiger-Mueller tubes, also functioning as UV detectors (measuring radiation intensity with counting tubes [G01T 1/18](#); measuring radiation intensity with ionisation chambers [G01T 1/185](#); flame monitoring in combustion devices [F23Q 7/00](#), [F23N](#); fire alarms actuated by presence of radiation of particles, e.g. of infrared radiation, of ions [G08B 17/11](#); discharge tubes [per se](#) [H01J 47/00](#))}