

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## C CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

(NOTES omitted)

### CHEMISTRY

#### C02 TREATMENT OF WATER, WASTE WATER, SEWAGE, OR SLUDGE

**C02F TREATMENT OF WATER, WASTE WATER, SEWAGE, OR SLUDGE** (separation in general [B01D](#); special arrangements on waterborne vessels of installations for treating water, waste water or sewage, e.g. for producing fresh water, [B63J](#); adding materials to water to prevent corrosion [C23F](#); treating radioactively-contaminated liquids [G21F 9/04](#); regeneration of reactants for recirculation into processes, see the relevant places for the processes)

#### NOTE

When classifying in this subclass, classification is also made in group [B01D 15/08](#) insofar as subject matter of general interest relating to chromatography is concerned.

#### WARNING

{In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

<b>1/00</b>	<b>Treatment of water, waste water, or sewage</b> ( <a href="#">C02F 3/00</a> - <a href="#">C02F 9/00</a> take precedence)	1/047	. . . {using eolic energy}
		1/048	. . . {Purification of waste water by evaporation}
1/001	. {Processes for the treatment of water whereby the filtration technique is of importance ( <a href="#">C02F 1/44</a> takes precedence; construction of filters in general <a href="#">B01D 24/00</a> - <a href="#">B01D 41/00</a> )}	1/06	. . . Flash evaporation
		1/08	. . . Thin film evaporation
		1/10	. . . by direct contact with a particulate solid or with a fluid, as a heat transfer medium
1/002	. . {using small portable filters for producing potable water, e.g. personal travel or emergency equipment, survival kits, combat gear ( <a href="#">C02F 1/003</a> takes precedence)}	1/12	. . . . Spray evaporation
		1/14	. . . using solar energy
		1/16	. . . using waste heat from other processes
1/003	. . {using household-type filters for producing potable water, e.g. pitchers, bottles, faucet mounted devices ( <a href="#">C02F 9/20</a> takes precedence)}	1/18	. . . Transportable devices to obtain potable water
		1/20	. by degassing, i.e. liberation of dissolved gases (degasification of liquids in general <a href="#">B01D 19/00</a> ; arrangement of degassing apparatus in boiler feed supply <a href="#">F22D</a> )
1/004	. . {using large scale industrial sized filters}		
1/005	. {Systems or processes based on supernatural or anthroposophic principles, cosmic or terrestrial radiation, geomancy or rhabdomancy}	1/22	. by freezing
		1/24	. by flotation ( <a href="#">C02F 1/465</a> takes precedence)
1/006	. {Water distributors either inside a treatment tank or directing the water to several treatment tanks; Water treatment plants incorporating these distributors, with or without chemical or biological tanks (for settling tanks <a href="#">B01D 21/24</a> )}	1/26	. by extraction
		1/265	. . {Desalination}
		1/28	. by sorption (using ion-exchange <a href="#">C02F 1/42</a> ; sorbent compositions <a href="#">B01J</a> )
		1/281	. . {using inorganic sorbents}
2001/007	. {Processes including a sedimentation step}	1/283	. . {using coal, charred products, or inorganic mixtures containing them}
1/008	. {Control or steering systems not provided for elsewhere in subclass <a href="#">C02F</a> }	1/285	. . {using synthetic organic sorbents}
1/02	. by heating (methods of steam generation <a href="#">F22B</a> ; preheating boiler feed-water or accumulating preheated boiler feed-water <a href="#">F22D</a> )	1/286	. . {using natural organic sorbents or derivatives thereof}
		1/288	. . {using composite sorbents, e.g. coated, impregnated, multi-layered}
1/025	. . {Thermal hydrolysis}	1/30	. by irradiation
1/04	. . by distillation or evaporation	1/302	. . {with microwaves}
1/041	. . . {by means of vapour compression}	1/305	. . {with electrons}
1/042	. . . {Prevention of deposits}	1/307	. . {with X-rays or gamma radiation}
1/043	. . . {Details}	1/32	. . with ultraviolet light
1/045	. . . {for obtaining ultra-pure water}	1/325	. . . {Irradiation devices or lamp constructions}
1/046	. . . {under vacuum produced by a barometric column}	1/34	. with mechanical oscillations

**C02F**

- 1/36 . . ultrasonic vibrations
  - 1/38 . . by centrifugal separation
  - 1/385 . . {by centrifuging suspensions (centrifuges [B04B](#))}
  - 1/40 . . Devices for separating or removing fatty or oily substances or similar floating material (cleaning or keeping clear the surface of open water from oil or like materials [E02B 15/04](#); devices in sewers for separating liquid or solid substances from sewage [E03F 5/14](#), e.g. for use in drains leading to the sewer [E03F 5/16](#))
  - 1/42 . . by ion-exchange (ion-exchange in general [B01J](#))
- NOTE**
- When classifying in group [C02F 1/42](#), details of ion-exchangers can be further indexed by using indexing codes chosen from [C02F 2001/422](#) - [C02F 2001/427](#)
- 2001/422 . . {using anionic exchangers}
  - 2001/425 . . {using cation exchangers}
  - 2001/427 . . {using mixed beds}
  - 1/44 . . by dialysis, osmosis or reverse osmosis {(general membrane separation processes [B01D 61/00](#), membrane modules [B01D 63/00](#), electrodialysis [C02F 1/4693](#), combination of membrane modules and bioreactors [C02F 3/1268](#))}
  - 1/441 . . {by reverse osmosis}
  - 1/442 . . {by nanofiltration}
  - 1/444 . . {by ultrafiltration or microfiltration}
  - 1/445 . . {by forward osmosis}
  - 1/447 . . {by membrane distillation (distillation and evaporation without the use of membranes [C02F 1/04](#))}
  - 1/448 . . {by pervaporation}
  - 1/46 . . by electrochemical methods
  - 1/4602 . . {for prevention or elimination of deposits}
  - 1/4604 . . {for desalination of seawater or brackish water}
  - 1/4606 . . {for producing oligodynamic substances to disinfect the water}
  - 1/4608 . . {using electrical discharges}
  - 1/461 . . by electrolysis
  - 1/46104 . . . {Devices therefor; Their operating or servicing}
  - 1/46109 . . . . {Electrodes}
- NOTE**
- When classifying in group [C02F 1/46109](#), details of devices for electrolysis can be further indexed by using indexing codes chosen from [C02F 2001/46119](#) - [C02F 2001/46166](#)
- 1/46114 . . . . . {Electrodes in particulate form or with conductive and/or non conductive particles between them}
  - 2001/46119 . . . . . {Cleaning the electrodes}
  - 2001/46123 . . . . . {Movable electrodes}
  - 2001/46128 . . . . . {Bipolar electrodes}
  - 2001/46133 . . . . . {characterised by the material}
  - 2001/46138 . . . . . {Electrodes comprising a substrate and a coating}
  - 2001/46142 . . . . . {Catalytic coating}
  - 2001/46147 . . . . . {Diamond coating}
  - 2001/46152 . . . . . {characterised by the shape or form}
  - 2001/46157 . . . . . {Perforated or foraminous electrodes}
  - 2001/46161 . . . . . {Porous electrodes}
  - 2001/46166 . . . . . {Gas diffusion electrodes}
  - 2001/46171 . . . . . {Cylindrical or tubular shaped}
  - 1/46176 . . . . . {Galvanic cells}
  - 1/4618 . . . . . {for producing "ionised" acidic or basic water}
- NOTE**
- When classifying in group [C02F 1/4618](#), details relating to the production of "ionised" acidic or basic water using electrolysis devices can be further indexed by using indexing codes chosen from [C02F 2001/46185](#) - [C02F 2001/46195](#)
- 2001/46185 . . . . . {only anodic or acidic water, e.g. for oxidizing or sterilizing}
  - 2001/4619 . . . . . {only cathodic or alkaline water, e.g. for reducing}
  - 2001/46195 . . . . . {characterised by the oxidation reduction potential [ORP]}
  - 1/463 . . . . by electrocoagulation
  - 1/465 . . . . by electroflotation
  - 1/467 . . . . by electrochemical disinfection; {by electrooxydation or by electroreduction}
  - 1/4672 . . . . {by electrooxydation}
  - 1/4674 . . . . . {with halogen or compound of halogens, e.g. chlorine, bromine}
  - 1/4676 . . . . . {by electroreduction}
  - 1/4678 . . . . . {of metals}
  - 1/469 . . . . by electrochemical separation, e.g. by electro-osmosis, electrodialysis, electrophoresis
  - 1/4691 . . . . {Capacitive deionisation}
  - 1/4693 . . . . {electrodialysis}
  - 1/4695 . . . . . {electrodeionisation}
  - 1/4696 . . . . {electrophoresis}
  - 1/4698 . . . . {electro-osmosis}
  - 1/48 . . . . with magnetic or electric fields ([C02F 1/46](#) takes precedence)
  - 1/481 . . . . {using permanent magnets}
  - 1/482 . . . . {located on the outer wall of the treatment device, i.e. not in contact with the liquid to be treated, e.g. detachable}
  - 1/484 . . . . {using electromagnets}
  - 1/485 . . . . {located on the outer wall of the treatment device, i.e. not in contact with the liquid to be treated, e.g. detachable}
  - 1/487 . . . . {using high frequency electromagnetic fields, e.g. pulsed electromagnetic fields}
  - 1/488 . . . . {for separation of magnetic materials, e.g. magnetic flocculation}
  - 1/50 . . . . by addition or application of a germicide or by oligodynamic treatment {([C02F 1/4606](#), [C02F 1/467](#), [C02F 1/76](#) take precedence)}
  - 1/505 . . . . {by oligodynamic treatment}
  - 1/52 . . . . by flocculation or precipitation of suspended impurities {([C02F 1/463](#) takes precedence)}
  - 1/5209 . . . . {Regulation methods for flocculation or precipitation}
  - 2001/5218 . . . . {Crystallization}
  - 1/5227 . . . . {Processes for facilitating the dissolution of solid flocculants in water}
  - 1/5236 . . . . {using inorganic agents}

1/5245	. . . {using basic salts, e.g. of aluminium and iron}	3/005	. {Combined electrochemical biological processes (aeration by electrolytically produced oxygen bubbles <a href="#">C02F 3/202</a> )}
1/5254	. . . {using magnesium compounds and phosphoric acid for removing ammonia}	3/006	. {Regulation methods for biological treatment}
1/5263	. . {using natural chemical compounds}	2003/008	. {using anaerobic baffled reactors}
1/5272	. . {using specific organic precipitants}	3/02	. Aerobic processes
1/5281	. . {Installations for water purification using chemical agents}	3/025	. . {Biological purification using sources of oxygen other than air, oxygen or ozone}
1/529	. . {Processes or devices for preparing lime water}	3/04	. . using trickle filters
1/54	. . using organic material	3/043	. . . {Devices for distributing water over trickle filters}
1/542	. . . {Phosphorus compounds}	3/046	. . . {Soil filtration}
1/545	. . . {Silicon compounds}	3/06	. . using submerged filters
1/547	. . . {Tensides}	3/08	. . using moving contact bodies
1/56	. . . Macromolecular compounds	3/082	. . . {Rotating biological contactors}
1/58	. by removing specified dissolved compounds (using ion-exchange <a href="#">C02F 1/42</a> ; softening water <a href="#">C02F 5/00</a> )	3/085	. . . {Fluidized beds}
1/583	. . {by removing fluoride or fluorine compounds}	3/087	. . . . {Floating beds with contact bodies having a lower density than water}
1/586	. . {by removing ammoniacal nitrogen (for biological methods <a href="#">C02F 3/00</a> )}	3/10	. . Packings; Fillings; Grids (packing elements in general <a href="#">B01J 19/30</a> , <a href="#">B01J 19/32</a> )
1/60	. . Silicon compounds {( <a href="#">C02F 1/583</a> takes precedence)}	3/101	. . . {Arranged-type packing, e.g. stacks, arrays}
1/62	. . Heavy metal compounds	3/102	. . . {Permeable membranes}
1/64	. . . of iron or manganese	3/103	. . . {Textile-type packing}
1/645	. . . . {Devices for iron precipitation and treatment by air}	3/104	. . . {Granular carriers}
1/66	. by neutralisation; pH adjustment (for degassing <a href="#">C02F 1/20</a> ; using ion-exchange <a href="#">C02F 1/42</a> ; for flocculation or precipitation of suspended impurities <a href="#">C02F 1/52</a> ; for removing dissolved compounds <a href="#">C02F 1/58</a> )	3/105	. . . {Characterized by the chemical composition}
1/68	. by addition of specified substances, e.g. trace elements, for ameliorating potable water (medicinal water <a href="#">A61K</a> )	3/106	. . . . {Carbonaceous materials}
1/681	. . {by addition of solid materials for removing an oily layer on water}	3/107	. . . . {Inorganic materials, e.g. sand, silicates}
1/682	. . {by addition of chemical compounds for dispersing an oily layer on water}	3/108	. . . . {Immobilising gels, polymers or the like}
1/683	. . {by addition of complex-forming compounds}	3/109	. . . {Characterized by the shape ( <a href="#">C02F 3/104</a> takes precedence)}
1/685	. . {Devices for dosing the additives}	3/12	. . Activated sludge processes
1/686	. . . {Devices for dosing liquid additives}	3/1205	. . . {Particular type of activated sludge processes}
1/687	. . . {Devices for dosing solid compounds}	3/121	. . . . {Multistep treatment}
1/688	. . . {Devices in which the water progressively dissolves a solid compound}	3/1215	. . . . {Combinations of activated sludge treatment with precipitation, flocculation, coagulation and separation of phosphates}
1/70	. by reduction {( <a href="#">C02F 1/4676</a> takes precedence)}	3/1221	. . . . {comprising treatment of the recirculated sludge}
1/705	. . {Reduction by metals}	3/1226	. . . . {comprising an absorbent material suspended in the mixed liquor}
1/72	. by oxidation {( <a href="#">C02F 1/4672</a> takes precedence)}	3/1231	. . . . {Treatments of toxic sewage}
1/722	. . {Oxidation by peroxides}	3/1236	. . . {Particular type of activated sludge installations}
1/725	. . {by catalytic oxidation}	3/1242	. . . . {Small compact installations for use in homes, apartment blocks, hotels or the like}
1/727	. . {using pure oxygen or oxygen rich gas}	3/1247	. . . . . {comprising circular tanks with elements, e.g. decanters, aeration basins, in the form of segments, crowns or sectors}
1/74	. . with air (aeration of stretches of water <a href="#">C02F 7/00</a> )	3/1252	. . . . {Cylindrical tanks with horizontal axis}
1/76	. . with halogens or compounds of halogens {( <a href="#">C02F 1/4674</a> takes precedence)}	3/1257	. . . . {Oxidation ditches}
1/763	. . . {Devices for the addition of such compounds in gaseous form}	3/1263	. . . . {Sequencing batch reactors [SBR]}
1/766	. . . {by means of halogens other than chlorine or of halogenated compounds containing halogen other than chlorine}	3/1268	. . . . {Membrane bioreactor systems}
1/78	. . with ozone {( <a href="#">C02F 1/4672</a> takes precedence)}	3/1273	. . . . . {Submerged membrane bioreactors}
<b>3/00</b>	<b>Biological treatment of water, waste water, or sewage {(<a href="#">C02F 1/006</a> takes precedence)}</b>	3/1278	. . . {Provisions for mixing or aeration of the mixed liquor}
2003/001	. {using granular carriers or supports for the microorganisms}	3/1284	. . . . {Mixing devices}
2003/003	. . {using activated carbon or the like}	3/1289	. . . . {Aeration by saturation under super-atmospheric pressure}
		3/1294	. . . . {"Venturi" aeration means}
		3/14	. . . using surface aeration
		3/145	. . . . {Protection against aerosols}
		3/16	. . . . the aerator having a vertical axis
		3/165	. . . . . {using vertical aeration channels}

- 3/18 . . . . the aerator having a horizontal axis
- 3/20 . . . using diffusers
- 3/201 . . . . {Perforated, resilient plastic diffusers, e.g. membranes, sheets, foils, tubes, hoses}
- 3/202 . . . . {Aeration by electrolytically produced oxygen bubbles}
- 3/203 . . . . {Swing diffusers}
- 3/205 . . . . {Moving, e.g. rotary, diffusers; Stationary diffusers with moving, e.g. rotary, distributors}
- 3/206 . . . . . {with helical screw impellers}
- 3/207 . . . . . {with axial thrust propellers}
- 3/208 . . . . {Membrane aeration (C02F 3/201 takes precedence)}
- 3/22 . . . using circulation pipes
- 3/223 . . . . {using "air-lift"}
- 3/226 . . . . {"Deep shaft" processes}
- 3/24 . . . using free-fall aeration or spraying
- 3/26 . . . using pure oxygen or oxygen-rich gas
- 3/28 . Anaerobic digestion processes
- 3/2806 . . {Anaerobic processes using solid supports for microorganisms}
- 3/2813 . . {using anaerobic contact processes}
- 3/282 . . {using anaerobic sequencing batch reactors}
- 3/2826 . . {using anaerobic filters}
- 3/2833 . . {using fluidized bed reactors}
- 3/284 . . {using anaerobic baffled reactors}
- 3/2846 . . {using upflow anaerobic sludge blanket [UASB] reactors}
- 3/2853 . . {using anaerobic membrane bioreactors}
- 3/286 . . {including two or more steps}
- 3/2866 . . {Particular arrangements for anaerobic reactors}
- 3/2873 . . . {with internal draft tube circulation}
- 3/288 . . . {comprising septic tanks combined with a filter}
- 3/2886 . . . {Two story combinations of the Imhoff tank type}
- 3/2893 . . . {with biogas recycling}
- 3/30 . Aerobic and anaerobic processes
- 3/301 . . {Aerobic and anaerobic treatment in the same reactor}
- 3/302 . . {Nitrification and denitrification treatment (C02F 3/308 takes precedence)}
- 3/303 . . . {characterised by the nitrification}
- 3/305 . . . {characterised by the denitrification}
- 3/306 . . . . {Denitrification of water in soil}
- 3/307 . . . {characterised by direct conversion of nitrite to molecular nitrogen, e.g. by using the Anammox process}
- 3/308 . . {Biological phosphorus removal}
- 3/32 . characterised by the animals or plants used, e.g. algae
- 3/322 . . {use of algae}
- 3/325 . . . {as symbiotic combination of algae and bacteria}
- 3/327 . . {characterised by animals and plants}
- 3/34 . characterised by the microorganisms used
- 3/341 . . {Consortia of bacteria}
- 3/342 . . {characterised by the enzymes used}
- 3/343 . . {for digestion of grease, fat, oil}
- 3/344 . . {for digestion of mineral oil}
- 3/345 . . {for biological oxidation or reduction of sulfur compounds}
- 3/346 . . {Iron bacteria}
- 3/347 . . {Use of yeasts or fungi (C02F 3/322 takes precedence)}
- 3/348 . . {characterised by the way or the form in which the microorganisms are added or dosed}
- 5/00 Softening water; Preventing scale; Adding scale preventatives or scale removers to water, e.g. adding sequestering agents (softening using ion-exchange C02F 1/42)**
- 5/02 . Softening water by precipitation of the hardness
- 5/025 . . {Hot-water softening devices}
- 5/04 . . using phosphates (C02F 5/06 takes precedence)
- 5/06 . . using calcium compounds
- 5/08 . Treatment of water with complexing chemicals or other solubilising agents for softening, scale prevention or scale removal, e.g. adding sequestering agents
- 5/083 . . {Mineral agents}
- 5/086 . . {Condensed phosphates}
- 5/10 . . using organic substances
- 5/105 . . . {combined with inorganic substances}
- 5/12 . . . containing nitrogen (C02F 5/14 takes precedence)
- 5/125 . . . . {combined with inorganic substances}
- 5/14 . . . containing phosphorus
- 5/145 . . . . {combined with inorganic substances}
- 7/00 Aeration of stretches of water**
- 9/00 Multistage treatment of water, waste water or sewage**
- NOTES**
1. This group covers combined treatment operations, carried out in a defined order in three or more different treatment stages, each stage occurring in a separate location, e.g. apparatus, reactor or compartment.
2. This group does not cover treatments where the essential characteristic resides in an individual step of the treatment, which treatments are covered by groups [C02F 1/00](#) - [C02F 7/00](#).
- 9/20 . Portable or detachable small-scale multistage treatment devices, e.g. point of use or laboratory water purification systems
- 11/00 Treatment of sludge; Devices therefor**
- 11/002 . {Sludge treatment using liquids immiscible with water}
- 11/004 . {Sludge detoxification}
- 11/006 . {Electrochemical treatment, e.g. electro-oxidation or electro-osmosis}
- 11/008 . {Sludge treatment by fixation or solidification}
- 11/02 . Biological treatment
- 11/04 . . Anaerobic treatment; Production of methane by such processes
- 11/06 . by oxidation (incinerators for burning waste liquors, e.g. sulfite liquor from paper-making plant [F23G 7/04](#))
- 11/08 . . Wet air oxidation
- 11/083 . . . {using deep well reactors}
- 11/086 . . . {in the supercritical state}
- 11/10 . by pyrolysis
- 11/12 . by de-watering, drying or thickening

11/121	. . by mechanical de-watering	2101/366	. . . {Dioxine; Furan}
11/122	. . . using filter presses ( <a href="#">C02F 11/123 takes precedence</a> )	2101/38	. . containing nitrogen
11/123	. . . using belt or band filters	2101/40	. . {containing sulfur}
11/125	. . . using screw filters	<b>2103/00</b>	<b>Nature of the water, waste water, sewage or sludge to be treated</b>
11/126	. . . using drum filters	2103/001	. {Runoff or storm water}
11/127	. . . by centrifugation	2103/002	. {Grey water, e.g. from clothes washers, showers or dishwashers}
11/128	. . . using batch processes	2103/003	. {Wastewater from hospitals, laboratories and the like, heavily contaminated by pathogenic microorganisms}
11/13	. . by heating	2103/005	. {Black water originating from toilets}
11/131	. . . using electromagnetic or ultrasonic waves	2103/006	. {Dental effluents}
11/14	. . with addition of chemical agents	2103/007	. {Contaminated open waterways, rivers, lakes or ponds}
11/143	. . . using inorganic substances ( <a href="#">C02F 11/148 takes precedence</a> )	2103/008	. {Originating from marine vessels, ships and boats, e.g. bilge water or ballast water}
11/145	. . . . using calcium compounds	2103/02	. Non-contaminated water, e.g. for industrial water supply
11/147	. . . using organic substances ( <a href="#">C02F 11/148 takes precedence</a> )	2103/023	. . {Water in cooling circuits}
11/148	. . . Combined use of inorganic and organic substances, being added in the same treatment step	2103/026	. . {Treating water for medical or cosmetic purposes}
11/15	. . by treatment with electric, magnetic or electromagnetic fields; by treatment with ultrasonic waves ( <a href="#">for the purpose of heating C02F 11/131</a> )	2103/04	. . for obtaining ultra-pure water
11/16	. . using drying or composting beds	2103/06	. Contaminated groundwater or leachate
11/18	. by thermal conditioning ( <a href="#">by pyrolysis C02F 11/10</a> )	2103/08	. Seawater, e.g. for desalination
11/185	. . {by pasteurisation}	2103/10	. from quarries or from mining activities
11/20	. . by freezing	2103/12	. from the silicate or ceramic industries, e.g. waste waters from cement or glass factories
<b>2101/00</b>	<b>Nature of the contaminant</b>	2103/14	. Paint wastes
2101/003	. {Explosive compounds, e.g. TNT}	2103/16	. from metallurgical processes, i.e. from the production, refining or treatment of metals, e.g. galvanic wastes
2101/006	. {Radioactive compounds}	2103/18	. from the purification of gaseous effluents
2101/10	. Inorganic compounds	2103/20	. from animal husbandry
2101/101	. . {Sulfur compounds}	2103/22	. from the processing of animals, e.g. poultry, fish, or parts thereof
2101/103	. . {Arsenic compounds}	2103/24	. . from tanneries
2101/105	. . {Phosphorus compounds}	2103/26	. from the processing of plants or parts thereof
2101/106	. . {Selenium compounds}	2103/28	. . from the paper or cellulose industry
2101/108	. . {Boron compounds}	2103/30	. from the textile industry
2101/12	. . Halogens or halogen-containing compounds	2103/32	. from the food or foodstuff industry, e.g. brewery waste waters
2101/14	. . . Fluorine or fluorine-containing compounds	2103/322	. . {from vegetable oil production, e.g. olive oil production}
2101/16	. . Nitrogen compounds, e.g. ammonia	2103/325	. . {from processes relating to the production of wine products}
2101/163	. . . {Nitrates}	2103/327	. . {from processes relating to the production of dairy products}
2101/166	. . . {Nitrites}	2103/34	. from industrial activities not provided for in groups <a href="#">C02F 2103/12</a> - <a href="#">C02F 2103/32</a>
2101/18	. . . Cyanides	2103/343	. . {from the pharmaceutical industry, e.g. containing antibiotics}
2101/20	. . Heavy metals or heavy metal compounds	2103/346	. . {from semiconductor processing, e.g. waste water from polishing of wafers}
2101/203	. . . {Iron or iron compound}	2103/36	. . from the manufacture of organic compounds
2101/206	. . . {Manganese or manganese compounds}	2103/365	. . . {from petrochemical industry (e.g. refineries)}
2101/22	. . . Chromium or chromium compounds, e.g. chromates	2103/38	. . . Polymers
2101/30	. Organic compounds	2103/40	. . from the manufacture or use of photosensitive materials
2101/301	. . {Detergents, surfactants}	2103/42	. from bathing facilities, e.g. swimming pools
2101/303	. . {Complexing agents}	2103/44	. from vehicle washing facilities
2101/305	. . {Endocrine disruptive agents}		
2101/306	. . {Pesticides}		
2101/308	. . {Dyes; Colorants; Fluorescent agents}		
2101/32	. . Hydrocarbons, e.g. oil		
2101/322	. . . {Volatile compounds, e.g. benzene}		
2101/325	. . . {Emulsions}		
2101/327	. . . {Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons [PAH's]}		
2101/34	. . containing oxygen		
2101/345	. . . {Phenols}		
2101/36	. . containing halogen		
2101/363	. . . {PCB's; PCP's}		

- 2201/00 Apparatus for treatment of water, waste water or sewage**
- 2201/001 . Build in apparatus for autonomous on board water supply and wastewater treatment (e.g. for aircrafts, cruiseships, oil drilling platforms, railway trains, space stations)
  - 2201/002 . Construction details of the apparatus
  - 2201/003 . . Coaxial constructions, e.g. a cartridge located coaxially within another
  - 2201/004 . . Seals, connections
  - 2201/005 . . Valves
  - 2201/006 . . Cartridges
  - 2201/007 . . Modular design
  - 2201/008 . Mobile apparatus and plants, e.g. mounted on a vehicle
  - 2201/009 . Apparatus with independent power supply, e.g. solar cells, windpower or fuel cells
  - 2201/32 . Details relating to UV-irradiation devices
  - 2201/322 . . Lamp arrangement
  - 2201/3221 . . . Lamps suspended above a water surface or pipe
  - 2201/3222 . . . Units using UV-light emitting diodes [LED]
  - 2201/3223 . . . Single elongated lamp located on the central axis of a turbular reactor
  - 2201/3224 . . . Units using UV-light guiding optical fibers
  - 2201/3225 . . . Lamps immersed in an open channel, containing the liquid to be treated
  - 2201/3226 . . . Units using UV-light emitting lasers
  - 2201/3227 . . . Units with two or more lamps
  - 2201/3228 . . . Units having reflectors, e.g. coatings, baffles, plates, mirrors
  - 2201/324 . . Lamp cleaning installations, e.g. brushes
  - 2201/326 . . Lamp control systems
  - 2201/328 . . Having flow diverters (baffles)
  - 2201/46 . Apparatus for electrochemical processes
  - 2201/461 . . Electrolysis apparatus
  - 2201/46105 . . . Details relating to the electrolytic devices
  - 2201/4611 . . . . Fluid flow
  - 2201/46115 . . . . Electrolytic cell with membranes or diaphragms
  - 2201/4612 . . . . Controlling or monitoring
  - 2201/46125 . . . . . Electrical variables
  - 2201/4613 . . . . . Inverting polarity
  - 2201/46135 . . . . . Voltage
  - 2201/4614 . . . . . Current
  - 2201/46145 . . . . . Fluid flow
  - 2201/4615 . . . . . Time
  - 2201/46155 . . . . . Heating or cooling
  - 2201/4616 . . . . . Power supply
  - 2201/46165 . . . . . Special power supply, e.g. solar energy or batteries
  - 2201/4617 . . . . . DC only
  - 2201/46175 . . . . . Electrical pulses
  - 2201/4618 . . . . . Supplying or removing reactants or electrolyte
  - 2201/46185 . . . . . Recycling the cathodic or anodic feed
  - 2201/4619 . . . . . Supplying gas to the electrolyte
  - 2201/46195 . . . . . Cells containing solid electrolyte
  - 2201/48 . Devices for applying magnetic or electric fields
  - 2201/483 . . using coils
  - 2201/486 . . using antenna
  - 2201/78 . Details relating to ozone treatment devices
  - 2201/782 . . Ozone generators
  - 2201/784 . . Diffusers or nozzles for ozonation
- 2203/00 Apparatus and plants for the biological treatment of water, waste water or sewage**
- 2203/002 . comprising an initial buffer container
  - 2203/004 . comprising a selector reactor for promoting flocc-forming or other bacteria
  - 2203/006 . details of construction, e.g. specially adapted seals, modules, connections
  - 2203/008 . Mobile apparatus and plants, e.g. mounted on a vehicle
- 2209/00 Controlling or monitoring parameters in water treatment**
- 2209/001 . Upstream control, i.e. monitoring for predictive control
  - 2209/003 . Downstream control, i.e. outlet monitoring, e.g. to check the treating agents, such as halogens or ozone, leaving the process
  - 2209/005 . Processes using a programmable logic controller [PLC]
  - 2209/006 . . comprising a software program or a logic diagram
  - 2209/008 . . comprising telecommunication features, e.g. modems or antennas
  - 2209/01 . Density
  - 2209/02 . Temperature
  - 2209/03 . Pressure
  - 2209/04 . Oxidation reduction potential [ORP]
  - 2209/05 . Conductivity or salinity
  - 2209/055 . . Hardness
  - 2209/06 . pH
  - 2209/07 . Alkalinity
  - 2209/08 . Chemical Oxygen Demand [COD]; Biological Oxygen Demand [BOD]
  - 2209/09 . Viscosity
  - 2209/10 . Solids, e.g. total solids [TS], total suspended solids [TSS] or volatile solids [VS]
  - 2209/105 . . Particle number, particle size or particle characterisation
  - 2209/11 . Turbidity
  - 2209/12 . Volatile Fatty Acids (VFAs)
  - 2209/14 . NH<sub>3</sub>-N
  - 2209/15 . NO<sub>3</sub>-N
  - 2209/16 . Total nitrogen (tkN-N)
  - 2209/18 . PO<sub>4</sub>-P
  - 2209/19 . SO<sub>4</sub>-S
  - 2209/20 . Total organic carbon [TOC]
  - 2209/21 . Dissolved organic carbon [DOC]
  - 2209/22 . O<sub>2</sub>
  - 2209/225 . . in the gas phase
  - 2209/23 . O<sub>3</sub>
  - 2209/235 . . in the gas phase
  - 2209/24 . CO<sub>2</sub>
  - 2209/245 . . in the gas phase
  - 2209/26 . H<sub>2</sub>S
  - 2209/265 . . in the gas phase
  - 2209/28 . CH<sub>4</sub>
  - 2209/285 . . CH<sub>4</sub> in the gas phase
  - 2209/29 . Chlorine compounds
  - 2209/30 . H<sub>2</sub>
  - 2209/32 . CO
  - 2209/34 . N<sub>2</sub>O
  - 2209/36 . Biological material, e.g. enzymes or ATP

## C02F

- 2209/38 . Gas flow rate
- 2209/40 . Liquid flow rate
- 2209/42 . Liquid level
- 2209/44 . Time
- 2209/445 . . Filter life
- 2301/00 General aspects of water treatment**
- 2301/02 . Fluid flow conditions
- 2301/022 . . Laminar
- 2301/024 . . Turbulent
- 2301/026 . . Spiral, helicoidal, radial
- 2301/028 . . Tortuous
- 2301/04 . Flow arrangements
- 2301/043 . . Treatment of partial or bypass streams
- 2301/046 . . Recirculation with an external loop
- 2301/06 . Pressure conditions
- 2301/063 . . Underpressure, vacuum
- 2301/066 . . Overpressure, high pressure
- 2301/08 . Multistage treatments, e.g. repetition of the same process step under different conditions
- 2301/10 . Temperature conditions for biological treatment
- 2301/103 . . Psychrophilic treatment
- 2301/106 . . Thermophilic treatment
- 2303/00 Specific treatment goals**
- 2303/02 . Odour removal or prevention of malodour
- 2303/04 . Disinfection
- 2303/06 . Sludge reduction, e.g. by lysis
- 2303/08 . Corrosion inhibition
- 2303/10 . Energy recovery
- 2303/12 . Prevention of foaming
- 2303/14 . Maintenance of water treatment installations
- 2303/16 . Regeneration of sorbents, filters
- 2303/18 . Removal of treatment agents after treatment
- 2303/185 . . The treatment agent being halogen or a halogenated compound
- 2303/20 . Prevention of biofouling
- 2303/22 . Eliminating or preventing deposits, scale removal, scale prevention ([C02F 1/042](#), [C02F 1/4602](#), [C02F 5/00](#) take precedence)
- 2303/24 . Separation of coarse particles, e.g. by using sieves or screens
- 2303/26 . Reducing the size of particles, liquid droplets or bubbles, e.g. by crushing, grinding, spraying, creation of microbubbles or nanobubbles
- 2305/00 Use of specific compounds during water treatment**
- 2305/02 . Specific form of oxidant
- 2305/023 . . Reactive oxygen species, singlet oxygen, OH radical
- 2305/026 . . Fenton's reagent
- 2305/04 . Surfactants, used as part of a formulation or alone
- 2305/06 . Nutrients for stimulating the growth of microorganisms
- 2305/08 . Nanoparticles or nanotubes
- 2305/10 . Photocatalysts
- 2305/12 . Inert solids used as ballast for improving sedimentation ([C02F 3/1226](#) takes precedence)
- 2305/14 . Additives which dissolves or releases substances when predefined environmental conditions are reached, e.g. pH or temperature
- 2307/00 Location of water treatment or water treatment device**
- 2307/02 . as part of a bottle
- 2307/04 . as part of a pitcher or jug
- 2307/06 . Mounted on or being part of a faucet, shower handle or showerhead
- 2307/08 . Treatment of wastewater in the sewer, e.g. to reduce grease, odour
- 2307/10 . as part of a potable water dispenser, e.g. for use in homes or offices
- 2307/12 . as part of household appliances such as dishwashers, laundry washing machines or vacuum cleaners
- 2307/14 . Treatment of water in water supply networks, e.g. to prevent bacterial growth